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Royal Borough of Windsor & Maidenhead

NOTICE

OF

MEETING

LICENSING & PUBLIC SPACE PROTECTION ORDER (PSPO) SUB COMMITTEE

will meet on

MONDAY, 9TH MAY, 2022

At 10.30 am

In the

GREY ROOM - YORK HOUSE, AND ON RBWM YOUTUBE

TO: MEMBERS OF THE LICENSING & PUBLIC SPACE PROTECTION ORDER (PSPO) SUB COMMITTEE

COUNCILLORS GURPREET BHANGRA, DAVID CANNON AND GEOFF HILL

Karen Shepherd - Head of Governance - Issued: 28 April 2022

Members of the Press and Public are welcome to attend Part I of this meeting. The agenda is available on the Council's web site at www.rbwm.gov.uk or contact the Panel Administrator **Oran Norris-Browne** Oran.Norris-Browne @RBWM.gov.uk

Recording of Meetings – In line with the council's commitment to transparency the Part I (public) section of the virtual meeting will be streamed live and recorded via Zoom. By participating in the meeting by audio and/or video, you are giving consent to being recorded and acknowledge that the recording will be in the public domain. If you have any questions regarding the council's policy, please speak to Democratic Services or Legal representative at the meeting.

<u>AGENDA</u>

<u>PART I</u>

<u>ITEM</u>	<u>SUBJECT</u>	<u>PAGE</u> <u>NO</u>
1.	APPOINTMENT OF CHAIRMAN	-
2.	To appoint a Chairman for the duration of the meeting. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE	_
	To receive any apologies for absence.	
3.	DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST	3 - 4
	To receive any declarations of interest.	
4.	PROCEDURES FOR SUB COMMITTEE	5 - 6
	To note the procedural details for the meeting.	
5.	CONSIDERATION OF APPLICATION FOR A NEW PREMISES LICENCE UNDER THE LICENSING ACT 2003	7 - 26
	To consider an application for a new premises license under the Licensing Act 2003.	

Agenda Item 3

MEMBERS' GUIDE TO DECLARING INTERESTS AT MEETINGS

Disclosure at Meetings

If a Member has not disclosed an interest in their Register of Interests, they **must make** the declaration of interest at the beginning of the meeting, or as soon as they are aware that they have a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest (DPI) or Other Registerable Interest. If a Member has already disclosed the interest in their Register of Interests they are still required to disclose this in the meeting if it relates to the matter being discussed.

Any Member with concerns about the nature of their interest should consult the Monitoring Officer in advance of the meeting.

Non-participation in case of Disclosable Pecuniary Interest (DPI)

Where a matter arises at a meeting which directly relates to one of your DPIs (summary below, further details set out in Table 1 of the Members' Code of Conduct) you must disclose the interest, **not participate in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room** unless you have been granted a dispensation. If it is a 'sensitive interest' (as agreed in advance by the Monitoring Officer), you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest, just that you have an interest. Dispensation may be granted by the Monitoring Officer in limited circumstances, to enable you to participate and vote on a matter in which you have a DPI.

Where you have a DPI on a matter to be considered or is being considered by you as a Cabinet Member in exercise of your executive function, you must notify the Monitoring Officer of the interest and must not take any steps or further steps in the matter apart from arranging for someone else to deal with it.

DPIs (relating to the Member or their partner) include:

- Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain.
- Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the council) made to the councillor during the previous 12-month period for expenses incurred by him/her in carrying out his/her duties as a councillor, or towards his/her election expenses
- Any contract under which goods and services are to be provided/works to be executed which has not been fully discharged.
- Any beneficial interest in land within the area of the council.
- Any licence to occupy land in the area of the council for a month or longer.
- Any tenancy where the landlord is the council, and the tenant is a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest in the securities of.
- Any beneficial interest in securities of a body where:
 - a) that body has a place of business or land in the area of the council, and
 - b) either (i) the total nominal value of the securities exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body <u>or</u> (ii) the total nominal value of the shares of any one class belonging to the relevant person exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that class.

Any Member who is unsure if their interest falls within any of the above legal definitions should seek advice from the Monitoring Officer in advance of the meeting.

Disclosure of Other Registerable Interests

Where a matter arises at a meeting which *directly relates* to one of your Other Registerable Interests (summary below and as set out in Table 2 of the Members Code of Conduct), you must disclose the interest. You may speak on the matter only if members of the public are also allowed to speak at the meeting but otherwise must not take part in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room unless you have been granted a dispensation. If it is a 'sensitive interest' (as agreed in advance by the Monitoring Officer), you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest.

Other Registerable Interests (relating to the Member or their partner):

You have an interest in any business of your authority where it relates to or is likely to affect:

- a) any body of which you are in general control or management and to which you are nominated or appointed by your authority
- b) any body
 - (i) exercising functions of a public nature
 - (ii) directed to charitable purposes or

one of whose principal purposes includes the influence of public opinion or policy (including any political party or trade union)

Disclosure of Non- Registerable Interests

Where a matter arises at a meeting which *directly relates* to your financial interest or well-being (and is not a DPI) or a financial interest or well-being of a relative or close associate, you must disclose the interest. You may speak on the matter only if members of the public are also allowed to speak at the meeting but otherwise must not take part in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room unless you have been granted a dispensation. If it is a 'sensitive interest' (agreed in advance by the Monitoring Officer) you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest.

Where a matter arises at a meeting which affects -

- a. your own financial interest or well-being;
- b. a financial interest or well-being of a friend, relative, close associate; or
- c. a body included in those you need to disclose under DPIs as set out in Table 1 of the Members' code of Conduct

you must disclose the interest. In order to determine whether you can remain in the meeting after disclosing your interest the following test should be applied.

Where a matter *affects* your financial interest or well-being:

- a. to a greater extent than it affects the financial interests of the majority of inhabitants of the ward affected by the decision and;
- b. a reasonable member of the public knowing all the facts would believe that it would affect your view of the wider public interest

You may speak on the matter only if members of the public are also allowed to speak at the meeting but otherwise must not take part in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room unless you have been granted a dispensation. If it is a 'sensitive interest' (agreed in advance by the Monitoring Officer, you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest.

Other declarations

Members may wish to declare at the beginning of the meeting any other information they feel should be in the public domain in relation to an item on the agenda; such Member statements will be included in the minutes for transparency.

Revised September 2021

Agenda Item 4

LICENSING SUB-COMMITTEE

PROCEDURES

The Licensing Panel Sub-Committee to elect a Chair. The Chair will welcome all parties to the meeting, introduce the Sub-Committee Members and officers present. The hearing will then proceed as follows;

- a) The Officer Reporting (as the licensing authority) to outline the application and the decision to be taken
- b) Members to ask questions of the Officer Reporting
- c) Applicant to ask questions of the Officer Reporting
- d) The Applicant to put their case to the Sub-Committee
- e) Members to ask questions of the Applicant
- f) Other persons to make their representations
- g) Members to ask questions of other persons
- h) Applicant to ask questions of other persons
- I) Chair to ask if any parties have any further questions or anything they wish to add
- j) Applicant to briefly summarise their position
- k) Officer Reporting to sum up and restate the options for the Members of the Sub Committee
- I) Sub-Committee to retire and make their decision within 5 working days



REPORT TO LICENSING PANEL SUB COMMITTEE

CONSIDERATION OF THE RENEWAL OF A SEXUAL ENTERTAINMENT VENUE LICENCE UNDER SCHEDULE 3 OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT (MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS) ACT 1982

LICENSING PANEL SUB- COMMITTEE: Cllr Bhangra, Cllr Cannon, Cllr Hill.

OFFICER REPORTING: Craig Hawkings - Licensing Team Leader

A) APPLICATION (Appendix A)

APPLICANT: Mr Nicholas BEARDWEL

PREMISES: Honeypot, 81 Queen Street, Maidenhead, SL6 1LT

LICENCE: SEV0002 (Appendix B)

The application is to renew the Sexual Entertainment Venue (SEV) licence for the above premises, as is required on an annual basis. An SEV is defined as "any premises at which relevant entertainment is provided before a live audience for the financial gain of the organiser or entertainer". Relevant entertainment is "any live performance or live display of nudity which is of such a nature that, ignoring financial gain, it must reasonably be assumed to be provided solely or principally for the purposes of sexually stimulating any member of an audience (whether by verbal other means). An audience can consist of just one person (e.g. where the entertainment takes place in private booths).

The application does not propose any changes to the current hours or conditions of the licence.

Application history:

12.10.2011 - Application for new - Licence granted

16.12.2012 - Renewal of SEV licence renewed

15.11.2013 - Renewal of SEV licence renewed

31.10.2014 - Renewal of SEV licence renewed

16.11.2015 - Renewal of SEV licence renewed

10.11.2016 - Renewal of SEV licence renewed

07.02.2017 - Renewal of SEV licence renewed

22.01.2018 - Renewal of SEV licence renewed

15.12.2019 - Renewal of SEV licence renewed

08.01.2020 - Renewal of SEV licence renewed

13.04.2021 – Renewal Granted after Hearing Held 07.04.21

22.03.2022 - Renewal application received.

B) REPRESENTATIONS

Police:

Thames Valley Police - No objection.

Objections

2 objections received (Appendix C)

C) OBSERVATIONS

The application is in respect of existing premises which currently has a premises licence under the Licensing Act 2003. There are no outstanding complaints in relation to the premises or either the general or specific location of the premises "vicinity". The applicant has no relevant convictions.

The Sub-Committee may under paragraph 8(1) of Schedule 3 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982 renew the licence subject to any terms & conditions and restrictions it may decide are reasonable.

The term "reasonable" is not defined or mentioned in the 1982 Act but is included to indicate that in deciding what terms are reasonable, under public law, the Sub-Committee must only take account of matters relevant to the application and ignore any that are irrelevant.

As objections have been made to the Renewal of the Licence then in line with paragraph 11 of Schedule 3 and Royal Borough's Policy a hearing is necessary before this Sub-Committee to decide whether the Licence should be renewed.

Guidance for England and Wales was published by the Home Office in March 2010. The entire Guidance should be considered as a whole, but relevant extracts, regarding the subtitled matters, is set out below as follows:

Objections

3.23:

When considering an application for the grant, renewal or transfer of a licence the appropriate authority should have regard to any observations submitted to it by the chief officer of police and any objections that they have received from anyone else within 28 of the application. Any person can object to an application, but the objection should be relevant to the grounds set out in paragraph 12 for refusing a licence. Objections should not be based on moral grounds/values and local authorities should not consider objections that are not relevant to the grounds set out in paragraph 12. Objectors must give notice of their objection in writing, stating the general terms of the objection.

3.24:

Where the appropriate authority receives notice of any objection the authority shall, before considering the application, give notice in writing of the general terms of the objection to the applicant. However, the appropriate authority shall not without the consent of the person making the objection reveal their name or address to the applicant.

Hearings

3.25:

Under paragraph 10(19) of Schedule 3, before refusing an application, all applicants should be given the opportunity to appear before and be heard by the local authority committee or sub-committee that is responsible for determining the application.

3.26:

Schedule 3 does not make explicit provision for objectors to be heard, but this does not mean that such hearings cannot take place. Rather, case law on this matter states that while local authorities are under no obligation to offer an oral hearing to objectors, they may do so at their discretion. Although a local authority is under a duty to consider any objections made within 28 days of the application, it has discretion to hear later objections provided the applicant is given the opportunity to deal with those objections.

Refusal of a Licence

3.27:

Paragraph 12 of Schedule 3 sets out the grounds for refusing an application for the grant, renewal, or transfer of a licence.

A licence must not be granted:

- (a) to a person under the age of 18.
- (b) to a person who is for the time being disqualified due to the person having had a previous licence revoked in the area of the appropriate authority within the last 12 months.
- (c) to a person, other than a body corporate, who is not resident in an EEA State or was not so resident throughout the period of six months immediately preceding the date when the application was made; or
- (d) to a body corporate which is not incorporated in an EEA State; or
- (e) to a person who has, within a period of 12 months immediately preceding the date when the application was made, been refused the grant or

renewal of a licence for the premises, vehicle, vessel, or stall in respect of which the application is made, unless the refusal has been reversed on appeal.

3.28:

A licence may be refused where:

- (a) the applicant is unsuitable to hold the licence by reason of having been convicted of an offence or for any other reason.
- (b) if the licence were to be granted, renewed or transferred the business to which it relates would be managed by or carried on for the benefit of a person, other than the applicant, who would be refused the grant, renewal or transfer of such a licence if he made the application himself;
- (c) the number of sex establishments, or of sex establishments of a particular kind, in the relevant locality at the time the application is determined is equal to or exceeds the number which the authority consider is appropriate for that locality.
- (d) that the grant or renewal of the licence would be inappropriate, having regard—
 - (i) to the character of the relevant locality; or
 - (ii) to the use to which any premises in the vicinity are put; or
 - (iii) to the layout, character or condition of the premises, vehicle, vessel, or stall in respect of which the application is made.

3.29:

A decision to refuse a licence must be relevant to one or more of the above grounds.

3.30:

When determining a licence application, the local authority must have regard to any rights the applicant may have under Article 10 (right to freedom of expression) and Article 1, Protocol 1 (protection of property) of the European Convention on Human Rights.

3.31:

The Provision of Services Regulations 2009 amended Schedule 3 to the 1982 Act to state that, if having considered an application for the grant, renewal or transfer of a licence, the appropriate authority decides to refuse it on one or more of the above grounds, it must provide the applicant with reasons for the decision in writing.

Relevant Locality (Appendix D)

3.32:

Paragraph 12(3)(c) and 12(3)(d) of Schedule 3 allow appropriate authorities to refuse applications on grounds related to an assessment of the "relevant locality". A licence can be refused if either, at the time the application is determined the number of sex establishments, or sex establishments of a particular kind, in the relevant locality is equal to or exceeds the number that the authority considers appropriate for that locality; or that a sex establishment would be inappropriate having regard to the character of the relevant locality, the use to which any premises in the vicinity are put or the layout, character or condition of the premises. Nil may be the appropriate number.

3.33:

Schedule 3 to the 1982 Act does not define "relevant locality" further than to say that:

- (a) in relation to premises, it is the locality where they are situated; and
- (b) in relation to a vehicle, vessel or stall, any locality where it is desired to use it as a sex establishment.

3.34:

Clearly, the decision regarding what constitutes the 'relevant locality' is a matter for the appropriate authority. However, such questions must be decided on the facts of the individual application.

3.35:

Therefore, it is reasonable and potentially useful to future applicants, for a local authority to decide in advance of receiving any applications that certain areas are, or are not, appropriate locations for a sex establishment or a particular number of sex establishments. Nevertheless, all applications must be considered on their individual merits.

3.36:

When considering a particular application case law has indicated that the relevant locality does not have to be a clearly pre-defined area nor are local authorities required to be able to define its precise boundaries. Therefore, while a local authority is not prevented from defining the exact area of the relevant locality, it is equally free to conclude that it simply refers to the area which surrounds the premises specified in the application and does not require further definition. Nevertheless a local authority's view of what constitutes a locality could be open to challenge if they took a completely unreasonable view of the area covered, for example, by concluding that two sex establishments 200 miles away from one another were in the same locality. Case law also indicates that a relevant locality cannot be an entire local authority area or an entire town or city.

3.37:

Once the appropriate authority has determined the relevant locality, it should seek to make an assessment of the 'character' of the relevant locality and how many, if any, sex establishments, or sex establishments of a particular kind, it considers appropriate for that relevant locality.

3.38:

Section 27 amends paragraph 12(3)(c) of Schedule 3 to allow local authorities to determine an appropriate number of sex establishments of a particular kind. In practice, this means that the appropriate authority may, for example, decide that a particular locality is suitable for a sex shop but is not suitable for a sexual entertainment venue or vice versa.

Licence Conditions

3.39 Once the appropriate authority has decided to grant a licence they are able to impose terms, conditions and restrictions on that licence, either in the form of conditions specific to the individual licence under paragraph 8 of Schedule 3 or standard conditions applicable to all sex establishments, or particular types of sex establishments, prescribed by regulations made by the appropriate authority under paragraph 13 of Schedule 3.

Appeals

3.44:

In the event that the appropriate authority refuses an application for the grant, renewal or transfer of a sex establishment licence the applicant may appeal the decision in a magistrates' court, unless the application was refused under 12(3)(c) or (d), in which case the applicant can only challenge the refusal by way of judicial review."

The Sub-Committee may refuse to renew the Licence under the Grounds set out in Paragraph 12(3) of Schedule 3, namely:

- (a) the applicant is unsuitable to hold the licence by reason of having been convicted of an offence or for any other reason.
- (b) if the licence were to be granted, renewed or transferred the business to which it relates would be managed by or carried on for the benefit of a person, other than the applicant, who would be refused the grant, renewal or transfer of such a licence if he made the application himself:
- (c) the number of sex establishments, or of sex establishments of a particular kind, in the relevant locality at the time the application is determined is equal to or exceeds the number which the authority consider is appropriate for that locality.
- (d) that the grant or renewal of the licence would be inappropriate, having regard—
 - (i) to the character of the relevant locality; or
 - (ii) to the use to which any premises in the vicinity are put; or to the layout, character or condition of the premises, vehicle, vessel, or stall in respect of which the application is made.

Particular attention should be paid to the grounds under 12(3)(c) and 12(3)(d), as these are the grounds for objection in the representations received.

In making its decision, the Committee should have regard to the Home Office Guidance and the Council's own Licensing Policy.

The Sub-Committee must have regard to all the representations made and the evidence it hears.

The options available to the Sub-Committee are that it may:

- a) renew the licence, attaching any conditions they consider reasonable under paragraph 8(1) or,
- b) refuse the application under paragraph 12(2)

Where the Sub-Committee has refused to renew a licence then it is required to give written reasons for its decision to the licence holder (paragraph 11(20))

The Sub-Committee are asked to determine the application.

Financial implications: None directly but Members should be aware that any decision of the Sub-Committee may be appealed against in the Magistrates' Court and such an appeal may involve additional costs and possible costs against the Council.

Background papers:

Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982 Home Office Sexual Establishment Guidance.

Enclosures/Appendices:

Appendix A – Application

Appendix B – Licence SEV0002 Appendix D – Objections received Appendix C – Map of the area

Contact details: Craig - Licensing Team Leader

Craig.Hawkings@RBWM.gov.uk

Tel: 01628 685709 Mobile: 07833047887

APPENDIX (A)

Royal Borough of Windsor & Maidenhead

Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1982 Section 3 and Schedule 3 Application for the Grant/Renewal/Transfer/ of a Licence for a Sex Establishment

Type of Application	Grant	Renewal		Transfer				
	hehalf of an indi-	vidual please state						
	EEN ST	MAIDENHEN	BERK	SHIRE	SLb / GT			
					_			
Age								
If application is made on	behalf of a corpo	orate or unincorporated body	please state:					
Full Name of Body Address of registered or principle		NEXPOT						
The state of printing to	31	QUEEN SIBE	IX I M	AUGAVH	EAD			
		BERKS SI	-6/11					
Give full names and prival establishment:	ate addresses of	all directors or other persons	responsible for	r management of	f the			
		9 00						
Address	S LEE	BEARDWE	-					
8/0	ZUERIU	STREET NO	NEWH	EAR F	BERKS SLEIL			
A		,		/				
Full Name 5040 NoR	Man 4	コムルノニマー						
Address	14110	- IORIES IV						
Full Name								
Address								
Age	Date of Birth	Place of	Birth					
Full Name								
Address								
Age	Date of Birth	Place of	Birth					
 Have you any convictions recorded against you? Or if a body corporate or unincorporated body that body or any od its directors or other persons responsible for its management? If so please state: 								
Date of Conviction	Date of Conviction Offence Sentence (including suspended sentence)							
0(1)		W/17		10	1/12.			

- All live convictions must be disclosed.
 Spent convictions, as defined Table 1 should not be included.

Royal Borough of Windsor & Maidenhead

Table 1

Sentence	Becomes spent after
Imprisonment of between 6 months and 30 months	10 years
Imprisonment of up to 6 months	7 years
Borstal training	7 years
A fine or other sentence not otherwise covered in this table	5 years
Absolute discharge	6 months
Probation order, conditional discharge or bind over	1 year (or until order expires, whichever is longer)
Detention Centre Order	3 years
Remand home, attendance centre or approved school order	The period of the order and a further year after the order expires
Hospital order under the Mental Health Act	The period of the order and a further 2 years after it expires
Cashiering discharge with ignominy or dismissal with disgrace from	10 years
the Armed Forces	
Dismissal from Armed Forces	7 years
Detention	5 years

- A sentence of more than 2½ years imprisonment can never become spent.
 If you were under 17 years of age on the date of conviction, please halve the period shown in the right hand column.

4.	Have you been resident in the United Kingdom throughout a period of six months immediately proceeding the date	YES/MO
5.	If the application is made on behalf of a body corporate is that body incorporated in the United Kingdom	YÉS/NO
6.	Full address of premises desired to be used as a sex establishment	HEAP
	PERKS SL6 1LT	
7.	If this application relates to a vehicle/vessel/stall give description and state where it is to be used a establishment	s a sex

During which hours do you intend to trade

1	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
1	MAM-SAM	1(AM-5AM	(1841-5 ARS	18AN-SAM	16-AN- SAM	KRM-5AK	ISAM-ZAM

9.	Are the premises to be used as a sex shop? Are the premises to be used as a sex cinema? Are the premises to be used as a sexual entertainment venue			
10.	Are you (or, if a corporate or unincorporated body, that body) disqualified from holding a licence for a sex establishment?			
	Have you ever been refused a licence for a sex establishment? If Yes please give details			

11.	I declare belief it is		pplication	form and t	o the best	of my knowl	ledge and
	Signed						

Licensing Team - RBWM, Town Hall, St Ives Road, Maidenhead, SL6 1RF.

APPENDIX (B)

LICENCE FOR A SEXUAL ENTERTAINMENT VENUE

SEV0002

LOCAL AUTHORITY

Royal Borough of Windsor and Maidenhead Town Hall St Ives Road Maidenhead Berkshire SL6 1RF Royal Borough of Windsor & Mandenhead

NAME & ADDRESS OF HOLDER OF SEXUAL ENTERTAINMENT VENUE LICENCE

John Norman SENNETT

Nicholas Lee BEARDWEL

PREMISE DETAILS

Honeypot

81 Queen Street, Maidenhead, SL6 1LT

PERMITTED HOURS		
	Open from	Open to
Monday	11:00	05:00
Tuesday	11:00	05:00
Wednesday	11:00	05:00
Thursday	11:00	05:00
Friday	11:00	05:00
Saturday	11:00	05:00
Sunday	11:00	02:00

NOTES

- (1) THIS LICENCE IS SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT (MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS) ACT 1982, THE CONDITIONS ATTACHED TO THIS LICENCE AND ANY OTHER RELEVANT ACTS.
- (2) THIS LICENCE IS NOT TRANSFERABLE WITHOUT THE CONSENT OF THE COUNCIL

SIGNED ON BEHALF OF THE ISSUING LICENSING AUTHORITY

Send Soft

David Scott

Head of Communities

.....

CONDITIONS ATTACHED TO THE ISSUE OF

Sexual Entertainment Venue Licence SEV0002

ROYAL BOROUGH OF WINDSOR AND MAIDENHEAD

- Whilst performing striptease the dancer may not perform any acts which by themselves or with others
 are, or clearly simulates masturbation, oral sex or sexual intercourse, including the insertion of any
 object, including their own finger into any genital opening.
- A customer code shall be prominently displayed and clearly visible throughout the premises advising
 patrons of the rules of striptease at the venue. A copy of the customer code will be provided to the
 Police and Licensing Authority and shall not be substantially amended without the consent of the
 Police.
- The premises licence holder will have an operations manual and performer code of conduct. A copy
 of these documents will be provided to the Police and Licensing Authority prior to opening and shall
 not be substantially amended without the consent of the Police.
- Striptease performers shall be aged not less than 18 years.
- No dancer may perform at the premises until such time as photographic proof of identity showing date of birth is provided, confirming that the dancer is aged over 18 years.
- Whilst striptease is taking place no person under 18 years of age shall be permitted within the premises.
- A notice shall clearly be displayed in a prominent position at the entrance of the premises stating that "no person under 18 will be admitted" so that it can be easily read by persons entering the premises.
- 8. Whilst performing striptease, dancers must not be able to be seen by persons outside the premises.
- Striptease may only take place in supervised public areas of the premises or areas covered by CCTV.
- The DPS or a nominated manager shall be present on the premises at all times whilst the striptease entertainment is taking place.
- 11. A nominated person shall be present to oversee the activities of striptease performers.
- Dressing rooms will be provided for striptease performers and access to these will be restricted by management - before, during and after entertainment.
- Any external advertising at the premises shall be in a form acceptable to the Police and Licensing Authority.
- 14. There must not be any contact by the striptease performer with the patron immediately before, during and after the performance of striptease except:-
 - a) The leading of a patron hand in hand to and from a chair or to and from the designated dance area.
 - b) The simple handshake greeting.
 - c) The placing of monetary notes or dance vouchers into the hand or garter worn by the performer.
 - d) The customary kiss on the cheek of the patron by the dancer at the conclusion of the performance.
 - e) If the contact is accidental.

APPENDIX (C)

From: Christina Sequeira

Sent: 09 April 2022 13:03

To: Licensing < Licensing 2@RBWM.gov.uk >

Subject: The Honeypot Renewal

CAUTION: This email originated from outside the council. Do not click any links or open attachments in this email unless you recognise the sender and are sure that the content is safe.

Dear Sir,

I'm writing to ask that the renewal of The Honeypot licence be rejected.

The venue adds nothing to the town and during its time of regeneration is counter to all that will achieve.

Its location is critical, in the centre of town and one of the first buildings seen from the train station. As such, it holds a disproportionate role in representing the image, or desired image, of Maidenhead town. It does not present a positive one.

It is also near-opposite Maidenhead football stadium where children - both boys and girls - are being encouraged to take up sport. The venue, its clientele and staff are definitely not ideal for them to encounter as they go to and from matches and training.

The town is already split in some ways with the areas from The Bear towards the river being of better quality than that from The Bear to the station. Unsurprisingly and welcome, this is the area under reconstruction now. I strongly believe that the regeneration of Maidenhead will fail if this venue continues to exist. Its presence encourages other outlets of similar poor quality in the area. This then leads to undesirable groups of people there, fast food litter and stops many of those living Maidenhead venturing to that part of town. As a woman, I also feel vulnerable when near The Honeypot on my way home from the train station. It is an unnecessary venue in Maidenhead.

Yours sincerely,

Christina

Dear Sirs/ Madam,

We are writing to formally object to the renewal of the licence application made by Lee Beardwell registered office of 81 Queen Street:

Our reasons for objecting to the license renewal are as follows:

- The close proximity of new residential premises to the establishment e.g.. Watermark is home to 1200 individuals or families.
- The close proximity of the shopping centre of town. The establishment 81 Queen Street is on route from the station to the town centre for current shoppers and those the town would like to attract in the near future. Noted the new operating hours during the peak shopping times 11am 5.
- The planned extensive regeneration of the area is not in synergy with such an establishment.
- The location of the establishment is on the main route to the only play park in close proximity to town. As well as two local nurseries within walking distance. With the new town centre regeneration attracting young families we deem this establishments operation no longer fit for purpose.
- The establishment is not aligned to the character of the locality, the Royal Borough.
- The close proximity of places of worship to the establishment in question.
- The close proximity of the establishment to community facilities, such as the local football club and cinema.

The ongoing changing character of the locality, more residential properties, bars, restaurants and shops are now open in the vicinity therefore the Honeypot premises should no longer be considered as an appropriate establishment in the locality. Previously the review panel had the view that this concern was speculative based on ongoing development management plans. It can now be argued that the new Watermark Developments alone (1200 homes), with residents now residing, is a significant material change in the locality in the period since the last renewal was granted – one significant enough to justify refusing the latest application to renew. Particular the significant change in opening hours.

We believe that given the nature of the business in question, it will not complement the high quality development plans in place for the surrounding sites such as the Landing and the Nicholson development. The Landing, opposite the establishment, is dubbed 'the new gateway to town' which will encourage more footfall through town and from the railway station.

There is substantial family accommodation roads away, with new planned accommodation imminent and therefore 81 Queen St in its current form no longer aligns to the direction and regeneration of the town centre.

We also think the placement of the notice, please see attached, is not placed to allow or encourage engagement with interested parties, and doesn't provide an opportunity for them to respond.



We look forward to hearing from you.

Kind regards,

Nimrata Ltd

APPENDIX (D)



